RESOURCE INFORMATION (CONT.)

- FAMILY & VETERAN -

Catholic Charities (Veterans)

(928) 778-2531

Salvation Army

(928) 778-0150

St. Vincent de Paul

(928) 778-4585

Veterans Administration Hospital (VA)

(928) 445-4860

Yavapai Family Advocacy Center (YFAC)

(928) 775-0669 www.yfac.org

- MENTAL HEALTH -

Child & Family Support Services (CFSS)

(928) 775-2500

Polara Health & Crisis Stabilization Unit

24/7 crisis hotline

(877) 756-4090

Spectrum Health

24/7 crisis hotline

(928) 634-2236

Suicide & Crisis Lifeline

24/7 crisis hotline

988

- INTIMATE PARTNER &

DOMESTIC VIOLENCE -

Prescott Area Shelter Services (PASS)

Non-active domestic violence situations only

(928) 778-5933

Project Aware Men's Shelter

(928) 778-7744

Stepping Stones

Staffed 24/7 for a safe place or someone to talk to

(928) 445-4673

RESOURCE INFORMATION

Prescott Police Department

Emergency 911

(928) 445-3131 Non-Emergency 24/7 **Victim Services** (928) 777-1936

Adult Protective Services (APS)

(877) 767-2385

Arizona Department of Child Safety (DCS)

Formerly Child Protective Services (CPS)

(888) 767-2445

Arizona Protective Order Initiation & Notification Tool

(AZPOINT)

Order of Protection /Injunction Against Harassment

https://azpoint.azcourts.gov/

Community Referral

24/7 referral line to local area community resources

211

Community Legal Services

Custodial advice and counseling. Services are free for qualifying persons.

(928) 445-9240

Prescott Justice Court

Yavapai County Superior Court

(928) 771-3300 - Justice Court

(928) 771-3312 - Superior Court

Suicide & Crisis Lifeline

24/7 crisis hotline

988

Yavapai County Attorney

Office of Victim Services &

Victim Compensation Division

(928) 771-3485

www.yavapai.us/coatty/Divisions-Programs/Victim-Services

Yavapai County Courts Self Service Center

http://courts.yavapai.us/selfservicecenter/

Prescott Police Department

Victim Services Unit 222 S. Marina Street

Prescott, AZ 86303

(928) 777-1936

victimservices@prescott-az.gov

victim services



CITY OF PRESCOTT POLICE DEPARTMENT



DR#

OFC

HOW CAN VICTIM SERVICES HELP?

The Prescott Police Department's Victim Advocates can provide resources to victims of crime with a focus on victimizations as it pertains to survivors of attempted homicide, aggravated or simple assault, robbery, child abuse, sexual assault, intimate partner and domestic violence, burglary, stalking, and harassment. If applicable, our advocates will work closely with detectives providing support throughout the criminal justice process.

ASSISTANCE AVAILABLE FOR:

- Safety planning
- Resource and referral information
- General information as it pertains to the criminal justice process
- Emotional support
- · Case status updates/advisements
- Court accompaniment
- Assistance with Orders of Protection/Injunctions Against Harassment
- · Victims' Rights information

The Prescott Police Department Victim Services advocates can act as a liaison between the victim and various agencies involved, not only to keep the victim informed, but also give them a voice.



A police report does not have to be filed to receive services

For additional resources, referrals, or services, please contact Prescott Police Department Victim Services Unit at (928) 777-1936.

ARIZONA BILL OF RIGHTS FOR VICTIMS

A victim of a crime has a right:

- To be treated with fairness, respect, and dignity, and to be free from intimidation, harassment, or abuse, throughout the criminal justice process.
- To be informed, upon request, when the accused or convicted person is released from custody or has escaped.
- To be present at, upon their request, and to be informed of, all criminal proceedings whenever the defendant has a right to be present.
- To be heard at any proceedings involving a post-arrest release decision, a negotiated plea and sentencing through oral, written or audio/video statement.
- To refuse an interview, disposition, or other discovery request by the defendant, the defendant's attorney, or another person acting on behalf of the defendant.
- To talk with a representative from the prosecutor's office, after the crime against the victim has been charged, before trial, or before any disposition in the case, and to be informed of the plea agreement.
- To receive prompt restitution from the person or persons convicted of the criminal conduct that caused the victim's loss or injury.
- To a speedy trial or disposition and prompt and final conclusion of the case after the conviction and sentence.
- To have any property taken in evidence returned, and/or be given an explanation for any refusal to return such property.
- To ask the court to revoke bond or release if there has been threats or harassment by or on behalf of the defendant.
- To be told if a prosecutor decides NOT to proceed with prosecution.
- To be told the name, address and phone number of the prosecutor's office handling the case.
- To have the defendant, or any agent of the defendant, make contact with the victim through the prosecutor's office only.
- To name a representative to exercise the victim's rights if the victim is unable to do so.
- · To leave work to attend court.
- To contest a negotiated plea if reasonable efforts were NOT made to notify the victim.
- To receive a FREE copy of the police report.
- . To be informed of a victim's constitutional rights.
- · To be informed of victim assistance and other resources.

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HAVE YOU BEEN THE VICTIM OF A CRIME?

People who experience a traumatic event in their lives often have a variety of physical and emotional responses. Strong reactions to crisis are normal and common. Delayed response to a traumatic event is also possible. Some of the responses to being a victim of crime can include:

- · Embarrassment or feelings of guilt
- Difficulty concentrating
- · Nightmares, insomnia, or increased sleeping
- Mood swings
- · Outbursts of anger, crying, or laughter
- Forgetfulness or memory lapses
- · Disinterest in previously valued activities
- Nausea and difficulties with eating

Following a traumatic event, it is not uncommon to feel like your life is out of control. It can be very helpful to continue with your normal activities as much as possible.

Activities such as work, exercise, talking with friends and family, keeping a regular sleep schedule, investing in self-care by eating healthy and taking time to relax can aid in bringing normalcy and reestablish control of your life.

GRIEVANCE

If you are having trouble with any of these responses, the Victim Services Unit staff can connect you with trusted resources within the community that can assist you with long-term healing.